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THE OVERLAND CHINA MAIL  
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Contains the Week's News  
of Hongkong and the  
Far East.  
Prices (including Postage) to any  
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per annum.

No. 16,768

號七月二年七十百九千壹

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1917.

己丁亥歲年六國民華中

PRICE 35 00 Per Month

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WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS,  
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NOTICE.

ANY EUROPEAN, NON ASIATIC or  
INDIAN desiring to leave the  
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Applicants will be required to produce  
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persons, with certain exceptions, who  
remain in the Colony for more than  
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The Penalty for non compliance is a  
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TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAY.

7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.  
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
11.30 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
2.15 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
3.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS

8.30 p.m. and 9 p.m. 9.30 p.m. to 11.00  
p.m. every half hour.  
11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every quarter of  
an hour.

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8.00 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
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11.30 a.m. to 12 Noon. Every 15 minutes.  
12 Noon to 1.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
1.00 p.m. to 3.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
3.30 p.m. to 6.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
6.30 p.m. to 8.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
8.30 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.

SATURDAYS.

Extra Car at 12 midnight.

SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the  
Company's Office, ALEXANDRA BUILDING,  
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all cars not already full running at the  
same stated in the Company's time tables,  
but not for special cars, can be obtained  
on application at the Company's Office.  
No Season ticket will be issued until  
payment therefor has been made in Bank  
Notes or by Cheque or Comptroller order  
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JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,  
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Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length.

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Hongkong, April 11, 1913.



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Hongkong, April 11, 1913.

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BUILDERS OF SHIPS & ENGINES  
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Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS HOTEL.

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Manager.

TANG YUK LINT, Successor to

the late SIEN JING.

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TERMS VERY MODERATE

Complimentary free.

## THE WAR.

### LATEST TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

#### GERMAN "CALCULATIONS."

STATEMENT BY THE  
CHANCELLOR.

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 6.

At a conference of the Centre and  
National Liberal leaders in Germany  
on January 31st, Dr. Bethmann-Hollweg,  
the German Chancellor, stated that the  
German Admiralty calculated that the  
world's tonnage had reached the  
minimum, under which the Entente  
could not long continue the war. If  
unrestricted submarine warfare is to be  
successful, it must succeed before  
America could participate effectively.  
If it did not succeed in forcing Great  
Britain to make peace, American  
participation would not greatly matter,  
since she could not send an Army to  
Europe without injuring the transport  
of supplies to the Entente armies and  
peoples. Practically the only fear was  
of American warships helping to combat  
the submarines. The Chancellor con-  
cluded by saying that the position  
of Germany was such that ruthless  
submarine warfare was the only alternative to  
destruction.

#### GERMAN FOREIGN SECRETARY AND PRESIDENT WILSON.

"AGAINST ALL TRADITION  
AND INTERNATIONAL  
LAWS."

LONDON, Feb. 6.

The Press Bureau states that a  
wireless message from Berlin states  
that Herr Zimmerman, the Foreign  
Secretary, in an interview, stated:  
"I regret President Wilson's action  
which is against all tradition and  
international laws. I appreciate and  
reciprocate President Wilson's desire  
to avoid hostile conflict. While we  
understand to a certain extent  
President Wilson's attitude, we  
expect him to recognise the reasons  
prompting our decision."

The Berliner Tageblatt says Herr  
Zimmerman told the American  
journalists that President Wilson's  
decision had astonished and dis-  
appointed him. He denied that  
Germany had broken her promise  
and he hoped American shipping  
would avoid the barred zone.

#### THE GERMAN ATTITUDE.

PREPARED TO TAKE THE RISK.

LONDON, Feb. 6.

Regarding the discrepant tone of the  
comments from Germany—on the one  
hand, conciliatory, the other defiant—Ger-  
many seems anxious to avoid a rupture  
with European neutrals, who are  
equally anxious to avoid war with such  
a close and threatening neighbour.  
Germany has already made some slight  
concessions to Holland and is throwing  
out hints to others, especially as regards  
supplies of essential coal and iron from  
England, but has lent little appearance  
of yielding to America. Germany seems  
fully prepared to face the risk of hos-  
tility with the United States and the  
Neutral States of South America.

The Berliner Tageblatt and the  
Frankfurter Zeitung, Liberal organs, threaten  
European neutrals with dire conse-  
quences if they follow the example of  
President Wilson.

The reactionary Kreuz Zeitung, which  
was formerly notorious for its demanding  
the ruthless Zepplining of non-com-  
batants, now pleads that Germany is  
only fighting for her women and  
children.

The Keimische Volkszeitung, in a wild  
outburst, professes of over the rupture,  
but wishes that President Wilson could  
become acquainted personally with the  
privations of the whole people.

#### THE PART AMERICA CAN PLAY.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

The Evening Sun refers to an im-  
portant aspect of the situation. "We  
must remember," it says, "that the  
Allies militarily are far ahead of us. All  
they need is shot and shell. If we  
decide to fight, don't let us compel them  
to mark time on that account while we  
are building up a great army. That  
would be Germany's salvation."

Finally the paper urges the United  
States to help the Allies to the last  
ounce, especially financially, as soon as  
war is declared.

#### POSSIBLE COALITION CABINET.

There is already talk of the  
formation of a Coalition Cabinet in  
America on British lines. The  
Democratic and Republican leaders  
are conferring at Washington. Mr.  
Taft and Mr. Root are regarded as  
certain to be included.

#### SUPPRESSION OF NAVAL MOVEMENTS.

A noteworthy innovation in  
American Press methods is that  
the newspapers have ceased to  
publish Naval movements.

#### POSSIBLE ARMY OF OVER TEN MILLIONS.

The Committee of National De-  
fence estimates that ten and a half  
millions of Americans are available  
for military service.

#### LEGISLATION TO TAKE OVER MUNITION PLANTS, &c.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.

President Wilson has conferred with  
the Secretary for War and the Secretary  
for the Navy with the object of ex-  
pediting legislation empowering the  
Government to take over the shipyards,  
munition plants &c.

#### A BOMB FOR NEW YORK CUSTOMS COLLECTOR.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.

Mr. Malone, the Customs Collector in  
New York, reports that he has found  
a bomb on his doorstep.

#### AMERICANS REMAIN IN BERLIN.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 6.

Americans are not at present  
leaving Berlin.

#### THE OTHER NEUTRALS.

LONDON, Feb. 6.

A movement among the European  
neutrals seems to be gradually  
crystallising under the leadership of  
Spain, but progress is naturally  
slow.

#### THE RELIEF WORK IN BELGIUM.

LONDON, Feb. 6.

It is reported that Holland,  
Switzerland and Scandinavia have  
already agreed to take over the  
American relief work in Belgium.

#### THE FALLING MARK.

BERNE, Feb. 6.

Exchange on Berlin has fallen  
four francs since the 3rd inst.

#### VICTIMS OF GERMAN ATTACKS.

VIGO, Feb. 6.

A Dutch steamer has landed some  
victims of the German attacks on  
ships off the Brazilian coast.

(Continued from Page 5.)



## INTIMATIONS

THE KOWLOON LAND &amp; BUILDING COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY EIGHTH ORDINARY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the Company's Office, Victoria Buildings, on SATURDAY, 10th February, 1917, at 11 o'clock A.M. for the purpose of receiving the REPORT of DIRECTORS for the year ending 31st December, 1916.

THE REGISTER of SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from THURSDAY 1st to SATURDAY, 10th February, 1917 (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
A. SHELTON HOOPER,  
Secretary to the  
Hongkong Land Investment & Agency Co., Ltd.  
General Agents for the  
Kowloon Land and Building Company Limited.  
Hongkong, Jan. 25, 1917. 1446

HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, 10th February, 1917, at 12 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1916.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 5th February to the 15th February (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be Registered.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,  
General Managers.  
Hongkong, Jan. 27, 1917. 1454

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY LIMITED.

## NOTICE.

THE ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Company's Hotel, on SATURDAY, 17th February, 1917, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving a statement of Accounts of the Company to 31st December, 1916, with the report of the Directors, and to discuss any matter that may be competently brought before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 10th to 17th February, 1917, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,  
J. H. STAGGART,  
Acting Secretary.  
Hongkong, Feb. 1, 1917. 1468

THE HONGKONG &amp; KOWLOON WHARF &amp; GODOWN CO. LTD.

## NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE THIRTIETH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Office of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., on THURSDAY, the 22nd February, 1917, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1916.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, 12th February to THURSDAY, 22nd February, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
W. S. BROWN,  
Secretary.  
Hongkong, Feb. 5, 1917. 1467

HONGKONG &amp; SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Shareholders in this Corporation will be held at the City Hall, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 24th day of FEBRUARY, 1917, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Court of Directors together with a statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1916.

The REGISTER of Shares of the Corporation will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 12th FEBRUARY, to SATURDAY, the 24th FEBRUARY, 1917 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Court of Directors,  
N. J. STARR,  
Chief Manager.  
Hongkong Feb. 5, 1917. 1463

EUROPEAN AGENCY.

WHOLESALE Indents promptly executed at lowest cash prices for all British and Continental goods, including:

Books and Stationery,  
Boots, Shoes and Leather,  
Chemicals and Drugists' Sundries,  
China, Earthenware and Glassware,  
Cycles, Motor Cars and Accessories,  
Drapery, Millinery and Fancy Goods,  
Fanny Goods and Perfumery,  
Hardware, Machinery and Metals,  
Jewellery, Plate and Watches,  
Photographic and Optical Goods,  
Provisions and Groceries & Stores,  
&c., &c.

Commission 2½% to 5%.  
Trade Discounts allowed.  
Special Quotations on Demand.  
Samples Quoted from £10 upwards.  
Consignment of Goods sold on Account.

WILLIAM WILSON & SONS  
(Incorporated in England)  
25, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C.4.  
Cable Address: "WILSON LONDON."

## INTIMATIONS

G. R. NOTICE.

WHEREAS on 18th day of January, 1917, the Japanese Police found CARGO BOAT no. 2330 Y in Yamato Bay with a quantity of coal aboard; the said junk having been apparently abandoned by the master and crew.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that if the said junk and coal be not lawfully claimed within ten days from date the same WILL BE SOLD.

(Signed), C. McI. MESSER,  
Captain Superintendent of Police  
Hongkong, Feb. 4, 1917. 1470

SECOND 5½% RUSSIAN INTERNAL SHORT TERMED LOAN OF 1916.

ALTHOUGH the subscription lists were closed on the 26th December, the RUSSO ASIATIC BANK Hongkong, is prepared to ACCEPT ORDERS for the above loan up to the 13th FEBRUARY on the subscription terms as previously advertised.

Hongkong, Jan. 10, 1917. 1458

## NOTICE.

THE Undersigned beg to intimate that they have now OPENED a BRANCH OFFICE in Hotel Mansions, Hongkong.

ANDERSEN, MEYER & Co., LTD.  
(Incl. in U.S.A.)  
Hongkong, Feb. 3, 1917. 1468

## FOR SALE

YACHT M.B. LOLLO yawl-rigged, 7 h.p. Thornycroft M. engine, (Kerosine) 30' long, 8' beam complete with dinghy, code flag, anchors, etc. 7 knots. Apply Mess President 74th Fuzajalis, Kowloon.

Hongkong, Feb. 2, 1917. 1444

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**APIOLASTIN**  
**PILLS**

A Powerful Remedy for all Respiratory Disorders of Lungs, Bronchi, Throat, and Sinuses. It is a Powerful Expectorant, and is the only medicine that can be taken in any form, and at any time, without causing any harm. It is the only medicine that can be taken in any form, and at any time, without causing any harm.

**MARTIN'S**  
**APIOLASTIN**  
**PILLS**

## DAIRY FARM NEWS.

## POULTRY.

OUR HOUSE FED "APONS" AND CHICKENS.  
Are the best in the East.  
Tender eating, delicate favour.  
TRY THEM.

86

**HIMROD'S**  
**Give Instant Relief**  
No matter what your respiratory trouble may be—whether—  
**ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, BRONCHITIS, OR ORDINARY COUGH.**  
You will find in this famous remedy a restorative power that is simply irresistible.

60 TABLETS  
Sold in the U.S. by  
J. H. W. & Co., Ltd.  
HONGKONG.

**CURE FOR ASTHMA**

## "CHINA MAIL"

## PUBLICATIONS.

OBTAINABLE at the "CHINA MAIL" Office, 5, Wyndham Street, Hongkong.

HISTORY OF UNION CHURCH (1891-1906) ... 50

HONGKONG'S MUSICAL HISTORY ... 50

NOTES ON WILD LIFE IN HONGKONG AND SOUTH CHINA (by Rev. G. A. Buxby, M.A.) ... 50

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THE MISSIONS STRANGERS (History of the Eastern Churches) ... 1.00

CHINESE SCHOOL BOOK ("San Tsing" translated by J. J. K. H.) ... 1.00

MR. ROBERT HART'S LAND TAX MEMORANDUM a critical ... 50

WASHINGTON BOOKS (for sale) ... 50

**FELUCCA**  
**CIGARETTES**

BEAR THIS HALL MARK OF DISTINCTION

**Nº 33**

IS THE MOST POPULAR

## GERMANY'S PEACE

## PROPOSALS.

## FULL TEXT OF ALLIES' REPLY.

The following reply is a translation of the Allies' reply to the German peace Note, communicated by the French Government, on behalf of the Allied Powers, to the United States Ambassador in Paris.

The Allied Governments of Russia, France, Great Britain, Japan, Italy, Serbia, Belgium, Montenegro, Portugal, and Rumania, united for the defence of the freedom of nations and faithful to their undertakings not to lay down their arms except in common accord, have decided to return a joint answer to the illusory peace proposals which have been addressed to them by the Government of the Enemy Powers through the intermediary of the United States, Spain, Switzerland, and the Netherlands.

As a prelude to any reply the Allies have felt bound to protest strongly against the two material assertions made in the Note from the Enemy Powers: the one professing to throw on the Allies the responsibility of the war, and the other proclaiming the victory of the Central Powers. The Allies cannot admit a claim which is thus untrue in each particular and insufficient alone to render sterile all attempts at negotiations.

The Allied nations have for thirty months been engaged in a war which they had done everything to avoid. They have shown by their actions their devotion to peace. This devotion is as strong to-day as it was in 1914, and after the violation by Germany of her solemn engagements, Germany's promise is not sufficient foundation on which to re-establish the peace which she seeks. A mere suggestion without statement of terms that negotiations should be opened, is not an offer of peace. The putting forward by the Imperial Government of a sham proposal, lacking all substance and precision, would appear to be less an offer of peace than a manoeuvre. It is founded on a calculated misrepresentation of the character of the struggle in the past, the present, and the future.

## THE PAST.

As for the past, the German Note takes no account of the facts, dates, and figures which establish that the war was desired, provoked, and declared by Germany and Austria-Hungary. At The Hague Conference it was the German delegate who refused all proposals for disarmament. In July 1914 it was Austria-Hungary who, after having addressed to Serbia an unprecedented ultimatum, declared war on her in spite of the satisfaction which had at once been accorded. The Central Empires then rejected all attempts made by the Entente to bring about a pacific solution of a purely local conflict. Great Britain suggested a Conference, France proposed an International Commission, the Emperor of Russia asked the German Emperor to go to arbitration, and Russia and Austria-Hungary came to an understanding on the eve of the conflict; but to all these efforts Germany gave neither answer nor effect. Belgium was invaded by an empire which had guaranteed her neutrality and which had had the assurance to proclaim that treaties were "scrapes of paper" and that "necessity knows no law."

At the present moment these sham offers on the part of Germany rest on a "map of Europe" alone, which represents nothing more than a superficial and passing phase of the situation, and not the real strength of the belligerents. A peace concluded on these terms would be only to the advantage of the aggressors, who, after imagining that they would reach their goal in two months, discovered after two years that they could never attain it.

## THE FUTURE.

As for the future, the disaster caused by the German declaration of war and the innumerable outrages committed by Germany and her allies against both belligerents and neutrals, demand penalties, reparation, and guarantees. Germany avoids the mention of any of these. In reality these overtures made by the Central Powers are nothing more than a calculated attempt to influence the future course of the war, and to end it by imposing a German peace.

The object of these overtures is to create dissension in public opinion in Allied countries. But that public opinion has in spite of all the sacrifices endured by the Allies, already given its answer with admirable firmness, and has denounced the empty pretence of the declaration of the Enemy Powers. They have the further object of diffusing public opinion in Germany and in the countries allied to her, one and all

already severely tried by their losses, worn out by economic pressure and crushed by the supreme effort which has been imposed upon their inhabitants. They endeavour to create and intimidate public opinion in neutral countries whose inhabitants have long since made up their minds where the initial responsibility rests, have recognized existing responsibilities, and are far too enlightened to favour the desires of Germany by abandoning the defence of human freedom.

Finally, these overtures attempt to justify in advance in the eyes of the world a new series of crimes—submarine warfare, deportations, forced labour, and forced enlistment of inhabitants against their own countries, and violations of neutrality.

Fully conscious of the gravity of its requirements, the Allied Governments, closely united to one another and in perfect sympathy with their peoples, refuse to consider a territory which is enemy and insubordinate. Once again the Allies declare that no peace is possible so long as they have not secured, reparation of violated rights and liberties, recognition of the principle of nationalities, and of the free existence of small States; so long as they have not brought about a settlement calculated to end once and for all forces which have constituted a perpetual menace to the nations, and to afford the only effective guarantees for the future security of the world.

In conclusion, the Allied Powers think it necessary to put forward the following considerations, which show the special situation of Belgium after two and a half years of war.

In virtue of international treaties signed by five Great European Powers, of whom Germany was one, Belgium enjoyed before the war a special status, rendering her territory inviolable and placing her, under the guarantee of the Powers, outside all European conflicts. She was, however, in spite of these treaties, the first to suffer the aggression of Germany. For this reason the Belgian Government thinks it necessary to declare the aims which Belgium has never ceased to pursue while fighting side by side with the Entente Powers for right and justice.

## CRIME ADMITTED.

Belgium has always scrupulously fulfilled the duties which her neutrality imposed on her. She has taken up arms to defend her independence and her neutrality violated by Germany, and to show that she remains faithful to her international obligations. In August 1914, in the Reichstag the German Chancellor admitted that this aggression constituted an injustice contrary to the laws of nations, and pledged himself in the name of Germany to repair it.

During two and a half years this injustice has been cruelly aggravated by the proceedings of the occupying forces, which have exhausted the resources of the country, ruined its industries, devastated its towns and villages, and have been responsible for innumerable massacres, executions, and imprisonments. As this very moment, while Germany is proclaiming peace and humanity to the world, she is deporting Belgian citizens by thousands and reducing them to slavery.

Belgium before the war asked for nothing but to live in harmony with all her neighbours. Her King and her Government have but one aim—the re-establishment of peace and justice. But they only desire a peace, which would leave to their country legitimate reparation, guarantees and safeguards for the future.

## COUGHING INTO CONSUMPTION

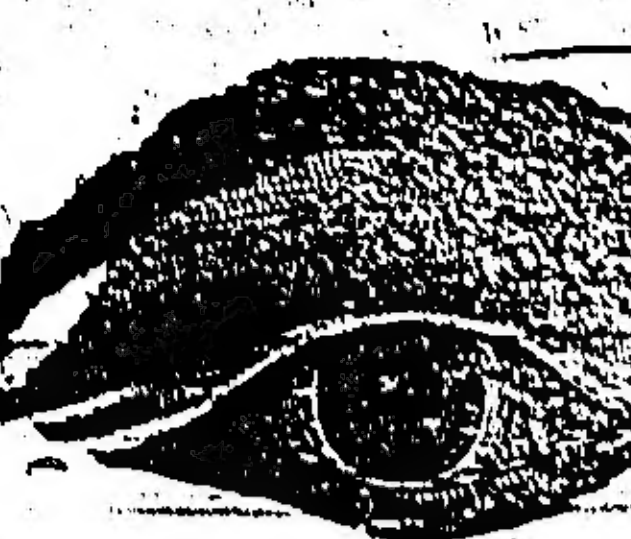
"Only a Cough" but you stop it while it is ONLY a cough.

**WATERBURY'S**  
**METABOLIZED**  
**COD LIVER OIL**  
**COMPOUND**

The finest preparation made for combating severe coughs. CURES any cough that is only a cough. Very palatable. OF ALL CHEMISTS.

PRICES: \$1.25 and \$2.25.

## INTIMATIONS



## YOUR EYES

SHOULD NOT BE NEGLECTED.

At the first symptom of eye strain you should consult us. We test eyes scientifically and fit glasses to individual requirements.

**CLARK & Co.**  
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS  
1301 BLDG., CHATER RD.  
HONGKONG

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## MITSUBISHI GOSHI KWAISHA

(Mitsubishi Co.)

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KISHIDARE, YOSHINOTANI,  
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SHINNEW, KAMIYAMADA, BIAI  
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AGENT FOR SAKITO COAL.

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## SINGON &amp; CO.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1386.

IRON STEEL, METAL AND HARD  
WARE MERCHANTS. Wholesale  
and Retail Ironmongers, Pig Iron and  
Foundry Casts Importers, General Store-  
keepers and Shipchangers. Nos. 55 and  
57, HARCOURT STREET, (2nd Street, west  
of Central Market) Telephone No. 515.  
Hongkong September 4, 1916.

## HONGKONG &amp; WHAMPOA DOCK CO., Ltd.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "MANIFRETO" HONGKONG.

Codes Used: A.1, A.B.C. Fifth Edition, Engineering View and Second Editions, Western Union, and Watkins.

Dock Owners, Ship Builders, Marine and Land Engineers, Boiler Makers,

Iron and Brass Founders, Forge Masters, Electricians.

ACETYLENE CUTTING AND WELDING FOR SHIP AND BOILER REPAIR.

Modern up-to-date plant operated by our own specially trained

workmen under expert European supervision.

All classes of light steel work manufactured by the above process.

Trunks, Drums, Ventilators, Pipes, &amp;c., &amp;c.

MANUFACTURERS OF DOCKERS AND HELPS ARE AS FOLLOWS

HEAD OFFICE:	THEATERS	No. 1 Dock, Kowloon --
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		YAL-KOW-TSUI
		James Watson Dock --
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		Wing Dock --
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occasional use of.

**PINKETTS**

the faintly little gentle-spirited, sensitive, which cure daily regular cure biliousness, torpid liver, headaches, foul smelling breath. "Of chemists, or from Dr. Williams' Medical Co., 232 N. 2nd St., Philadelphia, Pa." contains the plainest fact - "Genuine."



## P Y E R I S

## SPARKLING MINERAL WATER

IS AN EXACT REPRODUCTION OF  
A WELL KNOWN SPA.

BLENDS PERFECTLY WITH WHISKY.  
AN EXCELLENT TABLE WATER.

## Prices:

Pints 90 cts. per doz.

Splits 60 cts. per doz.

## A. S. WATSON &amp; CO., LTD.,

STERILIZED WATER MANUFACTURERS.

Telephone No. 438.

## To-day's Advertisements

## NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that  
we have this day AUTHORIZED  
Mr. P. M. N. de SILVA to sign our  
firm's name.  
WORCESTER & LAMBERT.  
Hongkong, Feb. 7, 1917. 1475

## NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Company's Steamship  
"YO MARU"  
having arrived from the above Ports.  
Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed  
that their Goods are being landed and  
placed at their risk in the Hongkong &  
Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's  
Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment  
will be noted out mark by mark and  
delivery can be obtained as soon as the  
Goods are landed.  
Optional Goods will be carried on unless  
instructions are given to the contrary before  
Noon, TODAY.  
Goods not cleared by the 13th February,  
1917, will be subject to rent.  
Damaged Packages must be left in the  
Godowns for examination by the Consig-  
nees and the Co's representative  
at an appointed hour on TUESDAY and  
FRIDAY. All claims must be pre-  
sented within ten days of the steamer's  
arrival here, after which date they cannot  
be recognized. No claims will be admitted  
after the goods have left the Godown.  
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.  
Agents.  
Hongkong, Feb. 7, 1917. 1471

## FOR SALE.

at their Sales Rooms, No. 4,  
Des Vaux Road, Corner of  
Des Vaux Street.  
SECOND HAND CONTRACTORS  
PLANT.  
THEODORITE AND LEVEL.  
Full particulars may be had from the  
undersigned.  
Terms—As usual.  
HUGHES & ROUGH.  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong Feb. 7, 1917. 1474

## THE DIARY.

## General Memoranda.

FRIDAY, Feb. 3—  
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Household  
Furniture at Messrs. Hughes and  
Rough's.  
SATURDAY, Feb. 4—  
11 a.m.—Kowloon Land and Building  
Co's Meeting.  
Noon.—Humphreys' Estate and  
Finance Co's Meeting.  
2.15 p.m.—Cricket—H.K.C.C. v.  
K.C.C. at Kowloon.  
3.30 p.m.—Auction of Clothing and  
Effects of late A. W. Button at  
Messrs. Hughes and Rough's.  
Laying of Foundation Stone of new  
Chinese Y.M.C.A. building by  
Bishop Landor.  
Inspection of the H.K. Police Reserve  
by H.E. the Governor.  
WEDNESDAY, Feb. 14—  
9.15 p.m.—Concert at Helena May  
Institute.  
SATURDAY, Feb. 17—  
Noon.—Hongkong Hotel Co's Meeting.  
Banking Corporation's Meeting.  
MON. 20, TUE. 21 & WED. 22—  
Hongkong Jockey Club Race Meeting.

## FOR JOBB.

## YOUR NAME

in gold on your

## RACE BOOK.

Can you distinguish your Race Book  
from any other?  
Secure speedy return of your Race  
Book should you mislay it.

Name and Year printed on the cover  
in gold at the CHINA MAIL Office.  
Price fifty cents.

## The China Mail.

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, Feb. 7, 1917.

## GERMAN MISCALCULATIONS.

We are now getting from Germany  
a more correct idea of the value that  
the high German authorities really  
place upon their preposterous claim  
to being victorious in a struggle  
which is still far from being at an  
end. When the German Chancellor  
made his statement in the Reichstag  
at the time Germany approached the  
Powers for peace—on her own terms  
—he said the KAISER during these  
long and earnest years of war had  
been moved by a single thought:  
"How peace could be restored to  
savage Germany after the struggle  
in which she has fought victor-  
iously." Now the Chancellor  
has been telling the political  
leaders that "the situation of  
Germany is such that ruthless  
submarining is the only alternative  
to destruction." That statement was  
made before Germany learnt what  
America had to say about Germany's  
interpretation of the phrase about  
"the freedom of the seas" by which  
she has been endeavouring very  
industriously to impress the Neutral  
nations. Even President Wilson  
seemed not long ago to be rather  
impressed by the phrase; but  
Germany has now shown to the  
world precisely what she means, by  
its freedom of the seas for Germany,  
and for no others. If the United  
States is forced to the point of  
declaring war there is very little  
doubt that the Chancellor's  
calculations about the effect it is  
likely to have upon the situation will  
prove to be as erroneous as many  
previous calculations of the German  
War Lords have proved. We  
wonder whether, when the Chan-  
cellor made his calculations about  
the available tonnage in the world,  
he was confident that the German  
shipping tonnage which has been  
lying idle in American ports since  
the beginning of the war, would all  
be scuttled by the German and  
Austrian crews as soon as  
American intervention became certain?  
Evidently the crews had been  
thoroughly instructed in the matter  
but the prompt action taken by the  
American port authorities has saved  
the ships from any serious damage.  
Nearly all of them will be available  
for use against "the interests" of  
Germany in the event of Germany  
deliberately committing the one more  
outrage which must inevitably lead  
to a declaration of hostilities by the  
United States. Will Germany, now  
that she sees how her preliminary  
calculations have proved erroneous,  
force the issue? We hesitate to  
believe it.

## CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

2.30 p.m.  
Steamboats ..... \$ 20½ buyers  
Def. Indos ..... 125 s. & sales  
Star Ferris ..... 32 buyers  
China Sugars ..... 126½ s. & sales  
Malabona ..... 39 buyers  
Wharves ..... 56 sales  
China Lights ..... 4.60 buyers  
Cement ..... 11.00 sellers  
Langkats ..... 11.30 buyers

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The Chinese Cabinet has sanc-  
tioned the proposal of the Ministry  
of Finance to levy house taxes,  
which will be introduced on March 1.

Last week it was ordered that  
the Philippines Carnival should be  
run on strictly neutral lines. The  
uniforms and flags of any of the  
nations engaged in the war were to  
be totally barred.

It has been reported to the Police  
that a highway robbery was committed  
by four men at Nan Chi Wat Village, in  
the Ping Shan district. One of the  
robbers was armed with a chopper and  
another with an iron bar. They escaped  
with money and jewellery totalling  
\$171.50 in value.

The Yunnanese soldiers at Canton,  
according to Reuters' correspondent, are  
disaffected. They complain that they  
fought to restore the Republic, yet are  
being left unpaid and unrewarded, while  
the former Monarchists are getting  
posts and decorations. The Yunnanese  
are openly making speeches denouncing  
the present Cabinet.

Reports have been received by the  
Head Office of the Bank of China from  
all its branch offices throughout the  
country; and a general financial state-  
ment shows that a total profit of over  
\$3,900,000 was made during the past  
financial year. The Peking Gazette is  
informed that most of the employees of  
the Peking bank have deposited their  
money with the Bank instead of taking  
away a good portion of the silver as  
reported by those who do not wish the  
Bank well.

## ANGLO-CHINESE FRIENDSHIP.

## ANNUAL DINNER AT PEKING.

Over eighty members and guests  
attended the annual dinner of the  
Anglo-Chinese Friendship Bureau at  
Peking on the 29th ult., including Mr.  
Bellef Alston, the British Charge  
d'Affaires, and other members of the  
British Legation Staff, Mr. Wang Ta-  
shieh, Dr. Morrison, Mr. Aglen,  
Admiral Tait Tingkan and Mr. Lu  
Cheng-shiang. Owing to indisposition  
Dr. Wu Ting-fang was unable to be  
present, which was much regretted.

## NIPPON OIL DIVIDEND.

The Nippon Oil Co. realized a much  
larger profit for the latter half of last  
year, owing to the general increase in  
the prices of commodities. At the  
annual meeting held at the end of  
January, Mr. Naito, the president, recom-  
mended the distribution of a bonus at 10  
per cent. per annum, beside an ordinary  
dividend at 20 per cent. per annum,  
partly in view of this great increase in  
the profit netted and partly in celebra-  
tion of the thirtieth anniversary of the  
company's foundation. The proposal  
received the hearty approval of the  
proprietors present. After freely  
providing for other items in the account,  
the company had still a surplus of  
¥1,360,982 which was ordered to be  
carried forward to next term.

## YUNNANESE SOLDIERS' REVOLT.

## RESULT OF BAD PAYING.

The Yunnanese soldiers at Peking  
recently revolted, smashed open the  
Post Office, looted the homes there and  
also the shops of several merchants.  
They then left the City. The reason  
given for their action was that they had  
not been paid for several months. Fears  
are expressed that other cities may  
suffer in a similar fashion for the same  
reason.

## THE TOLD: 1916.

Reuter's special correspondent with  
the British Army writes—  
"A heavy howitzer, sitting on his  
haunches ready to fire, looks extraordi-  
narily like a huge bull toad. His colour  
is a dark olive green. His great fat  
trunk-engine wheels lie by his side like  
hammers."  
"His fat short barrel pokes up to  
heaven at about the same tilt as a toad's  
back and head; and when he has fired  
the smoke that trickles out of his mouth  
might easily suggest the froth of an  
angry toad."

## BEWARE OF COLDS.

CHILDREN are much more likely to  
contract the contagious diseases  
when they have colds. Whooping cough,  
diphtheria, scarlet fever and consumption  
are diseases that are often contracted  
when the child has a cold. That is why  
all medical authorities say beware of  
colds. For the quick cure of colds you  
will find nothing better than Chamber-  
lain's Cough Remedy. It can always be  
depended upon and is pleasant and safe  
to take. For sale by all Chemists and  
Storekeepers.

## CHINESE AFFAIRS.

(Wah Tse Yat Po's Service.)

SUPPRESSING OPIUM  
CULTIVATION.

PEKING, Feb. 6.  
The Magistrate of Tientsin, in  
Szechuan, has arrested a number of  
farmers, guilty of planting opium.  
One of them was growing pop-  
pies in flower pots. All have been  
punished and their farms confiscated  
as a warning to others.

## THE GRAND CANAL.

PEKING, Feb. 6.  
Japan and America are prepared  
to lend \$12,000,000 to China for the  
improvement of the Grand Canal.  
The spheres of operation has not  
settled. Japan wants the Shantung  
section and is prepared to let  
America have the remainder.

## THE JAPANESE DEMAND AT AMOY.

PEKING, Feb. 6.  
In reply to the protest made by  
the Foreign Department the Japa-  
nese Legation has stated that the  
establishment of a Japanese police  
station in Amoy is sanctioned by the  
Treaty of 29th year of Kwong Shui,  
but as no such clause to be found  
in it a second protest is made.

EDUCATION FOR CHINESE  
ABROAD.

PEKING, Feb. 6.  
In order to extend educational  
privileges to Chinese residing abroad  
it has been decided that in future  
students for the Chinese College  
(from which students will be sent to  
the United States at the expense of  
the Boxer indemnity) will be selected  
from the sons of Chinese merchants  
abroad.

## THE MAGISTRACY.

ALLEGED ASSAULT WITH  
A KNIFE.

A Chinese charged on remand with  
assault was brought before Mr. Wood.  
It was alleged that defendant, while  
a passenger from Singapore, had stabbed  
the assistant steward of the steamer with  
a butcher's knife, the blade entering his  
left arm above the elbow, causing  
paralysis of the forearm. The com-  
plainant having now been discharged  
from the Government Civil Hos-  
pital, gave evidence.  
He stated that just as the steamer  
tied up alongside the Kowloon Godown  
Wharf he saw defendant enter the  
baker's room. Witness followed, and  
as he seized him defendant dropped a  
tin of salt beef. Witness then struck  
him and prisoner stabbed him with a  
knife.  
Defendant made the following state-  
ment to the Court: I owed the com-  
plainant five dollars and as I was unable  
to pay the debt the complainant and  
two other men assaulted me. The  
complainant had an iron bar with which  
he beat me. When I finally managed  
to wrench the bar from him he armed  
himself with a chopper. I then picked  
up a butcher's knife with which to  
defend myself. In the fight that ensued  
the complainant was wounded by my  
weapon. I then ran away and hid in  
the hold. The Chief Officer's boy follow-  
ed me and severely beat me on the head  
with a bamboo pole. Then the com-  
plainant and the steward came below  
and took me on deck.  
His Worship adjourned the case until  
to-morrow.

FAILING TO REPORT SMALL  
POX CASES.

Two Chinese women were charged  
before Mr. Melbourne with failing to  
report a case of small pox in a house in  
Hung-Hou.

One of the defendants, the landlady  
of the house, said that the patient was  
quite well when she came to the house,  
but Inspector Lamont said the patient  
had died of the disease.

One defendant was fined \$25, and the  
other discharged with a caution.

Another defendant said that he let a  
cook to three men and as the loft  
had a separate entrance he did not know  
that one of the men was suffering from  
the disease.

His Worship discharged the defend-  
ant.

In another case, a fine of \$25 was  
imposed upon a Chinese. Defendant  
said he thought the patient had fever.

A MORTGAGE OF KENNEDY TOWN  
PROPERTY.

A case came before the Chief  
Justice, in the Summary Court to-day,  
in which the Humphreys Estate and  
Finance Company, Limited, brought  
action against Ya Foo, Wan Kwan,  
Chan Sit Tong and Sir Paul Chater.

It appeared that the defendants  
mortgaged property belonging to them  
on the Praya at Kennedy Town, and in  
Belcher Street, in security of \$380,000,  
with interest at the rate of 7 per cent.,  
reducible to 6 per cent. on condition  
that defendants met the payment  
obligations punctually. The defendant  
Yu Foo made a second mortgage of his  
share to the Hon. Sir Paul Chater,  
which explains the presence of the  
latter's name among the defendants. The  
amount due in principal and interest  
now amounts to \$375,000. The plain-  
tiffs asked the Court (1) to sell the  
property by public auction and to allow  
the plaintiffs to bid at the sale. They  
also asked for an account of all the  
monies due to them and a personal  
order against the defendants for pay-  
ment of the amount.

After hearing Mr. E. H. Sharp, K.C.  
(instructed by Mr. Mattingly) for the  
plaintiffs, his Lordship gave judgment  
for the plaintiffs as asked.

## WAR CHARITIES.

## SUBSCRIPTION LIST No. 12.

Already acknowledged ... \$196,888.67  
General.  
H. E. Sir Henry May, K.C.M.G. (Monthly sub-  
scription for 2 months) ... 260  
Collected from the boxes at  
Star Ferry Pier, Blake Pier  
and Tak Tram Station ... 12.11  
Hongkong Cricket Club, pro-  
ceeds of sale of tickets for the  
tennis match between  
Messrs. Church & Throck-  
morton v. Nisbet and Han-  
cock ... 300  
"Winton" ... 6  
Mr. W. G. Lay, Swatow (sub-  
scription for 2 months) ... 40  
Mr. T. Carr Ramsey Swatow  
(subscription for 2 months) ... 40  
Mr. S. Barker Swatow (sub-  
scription for 2 months) ... 10  
Mr. F. H. Fisher, Swatow  
(subscription for 2 months) ... 10  
Mr. T. J. Edwards, Swatow  
(subscription for 2 months) ... 20  
Mr. W. Howard, Swatow  
(subscription for 2 months) ... 10  
Mr. J. H. Rance, Swatow  
(subscription for 2 months) ... 20  
Mr. P. B. Joly, Swatow (sub-  
scription for 2 months) ... 30  
"Cards" ... 20  
F. P. de St. Joseph's English  
College ... 50  
H. E. Sir Henry May, K.C.M.G.  
(Monthly subscription Feb.) ... 250  
Scholars of the Kowloon  
School ... 19.20  
Mr. S. G. Newall ... 30  
Mr. Ho Wing ... 50  
Olan Singh (Monthly sub-  
scription) ... 5  
Mr. H. Sykes (Monthly sub-  
scription) ... 20  
Britishers ... 100  
Anonymous ... 50  
Mr. A. B. Compson ... 100  
State Messrs. Lane Crawford  
& Co. (Monthly subscrip-  
tion) ... 131  
Staff—Messrs. A. S. Watson &  
Co., Ltd. (Monthly subscrip-  
tion) ... 69  
Monthly subscriptions ... 1,504.08  
Blinded Soldiers and Sailors  
Hotel ... 15  
A. W. ... 15  
Proceeds of football match—  
Civilian Services, on 23rd  
January, per Hon. Sec.  
Hongkong Football Association ... 106.43  
H. H. Skott ... 300  
Messrs. M. S. Sassoon, R. A.  
Gubbay and E. Howard ... 500  
A. W. (Monthly subscription)  
Messrs. P. & Co. ... 15  
Mr. G. B. Penman Fuller ... 238.01  
Monthly subscriptions ... 20  
Officers Families Fund—  
Mr. H. B. L. Dowbiggin ... 25  
Anonymous ... 500  
Monthly subscriptions ... 30  
Prisoners of War—  
Mr. C. Thorne ... 50  
Mr. L. M. Why ... 20  
C. D. M. F. 2100 ... 639.06  
Mr. Frank Smith, Macao ... 106  
Pipe Fund—  
Monthly Sub. A. S. (December) ... 5  
Mrs. Bewick ... 5  
Capt. G. B. Buyers ... 10  
Bridge ... 1  
A. S. (Monthly sub.—January)  
Bridge ditto ... 5  
R. D. H. (January) ... 5  
R. D. H. (February) ... 5  
Mr. F. G. Becke (monthly subscrip-  
tion) ... 25  
Red Cross ... 5  
Mahomed Ali ... 100  
Monthly subscriptions ... 32.75  
Lady Victoria Herbert's  
Fund for Prisoners of  
War ... 28.33  
Some Members of the Hong-  
kong Club ... 25  
Soldiers and Sailors Fam-  
ilies Association ... 25  
Monthly subscriptions ... 25

£203,116.41

Marked amounts and  
amounts allocated and re-  
mitted ... 188,369.09  
Balance in hand ... \$ 14,767.28

## N. J. STABE.

## Hon. Treasurer.

Hongkong, 6th February, 1917.

## GEOMETRICAL DEFINITIONS.

Of a subaltern.—That which has pos-  
sion, but no magnitude.  
Of a Turkish communication.—That which  
has quality on any point.

## SPORTING.

## TRAINING NOTES.

The attendance at the Course this  
morning was sadly effected by the  
weather conditions. Rain, at last,  
had set in on the previous afternoon  
and, though not yet heavy, there  
were showers this morning and the  
atmosphere was full of moisture.  
A light mist filled the valley. The  
air was very warm and muggy;  
which, though unpleasant for the  
spectators, was good for the ponies  
as it induced them more readily to  
sweat and get rid of some of that  
superfluous fat which so many of  
them are carrying.

A few ponies were galloped yester-  
day, a (T) inserted in the times  
given below, denoting Tuesday.  
Both yesterday and to-day the sand  
course only was used, though the  
grass was open this morning. The  
going must be considered good, the  
rain being insufficient to make the  
course heavy, but it did not im-  
prove as the damp sand got churned  
up.

The old ponies that did well were  
General Birdwood, 2.18, 31.2; Cad-  
zow's Walt (late Esk), 2.14, 31.2; Win-  
dson Duhla, 2.13, 31.2.

It is interesting to compare the  
quarters of each "best" of the  
fancied stables entered for the  
Derby, though many punters are  
sure to considerably alter their  
opinions, perhaps more than once,  
between now and the 27th.

Iron Duke, 1 mile last 3, 35, 33.2,  
32.4.

Tittlemouse, 1½, 45, 36, 35.3,  
34.4, 31.4.

Formosa Chief, 1 mile, 35, 34,  
32.1, 32.3.

Victory Duhla, 1 mile, 39, 36,  
34.4, 31.1.

Silver Streak, 1 mile, 38, 36.4,  
35.8, 32.8.

Herolmi, 1 mile, 36.2, 37.1, 33.3,  
31.1.

Sincia, 1 mile, 35.2, 33, 32.1, 34.2.

Mansur, 3 last 3, 34.1, 30.4.

A good performance for a Sub-  
was Triumphant King's mile and a  
quarter in 2.56.2, going with a long  
easy stride all the way and finishing  
in a canter. Another of this class  
that showed style was Mo over a  
mile, and others that put up good  
times were: Hush Hush, Chieftain,  
Spalpeen, the two Mice together,  
Magic Duhla, Drumstick and  
Golliwog.

## TIMES.

## OLD FONES.

King Haze, 1½ last mile, 37.3, 1.18, 1.54.3,  
2.28.1; last 3, 33.3.  
Plocheville, 1 mile last 3, 30, 1.17.2,  
1.52; last 3, 34.3.  
General Birdwood, 1 mile, 36, 1.12,  
1.46.3, 2.18; last 3, 31.2.  
Machon, 1 mile, 39, 1.14.1, 1.47; last  
3, 32.4.

Cadzow's Walt (late Esk), 1 mile, 35,  
1.08.2, 1.42.3, 2.14.4; last 3, 32.1.

Crosby, 1 mile, —, 1.17, 1.52.2, 2.25.4;  
last 3, 33.2.

Golofina (T), 1½ last 3, 37.3, 1.13.3,  
1.45.4; last 3, 32.1.

Northeast, 1½, 41.3, 1.10.3, 1.56, 2.32,  
3.04.4; last 3, 32.4.

Australian Chief, 1 mile, 36.2, —,  
1.46.2, 2.17.4; last 3, 31.2.

Pingwe Chief, 1 mile last 3, 37.3,  
1.12.2, 1.43.3; last 3, 31.1.

Dainty Chief, 1 mile, 38, 1.10.2, 1.52.2,  
2.25.4; last 3, 33.2.

Nyanza (T), 1 mile, 35.3, 1.17, 1.54.1,  
2.29.2; last 3, 34.1.

Golofina Duhla, 1 mile last 3, 31.2,  
1.09.2; last 3, 32.

Windson Duhla, 1 mile, —, 1.10, 1.42.2,  
2.13.2; last 3, 31.

Giant Duhla, 1 mile last 3, 37, 1.14,  
1.46; last 3, 32.

Sandy, 1 mile, 39, 1.16.4, 1.52.4, 2.24;  
last 3, 31.1.

## DERBY GRIFFINS.

King Bess, 1 mile last 3, 32, 1.05.2; last  
3, 33.2.

Victory, 1 mile, 37, 1.15, 1.52, 2.25.1;  
last 3, 33.1.

Iron Duke, 1 mile last 3, 35, 1.08.2,  
1.41.1; last 3, 32.4.

Warrior II, 1½ last mile, 37, 1.15, 1.53,  
2.29; last 3, 37.

Town Mouse, 1 mile, 37, 1.13, 1.47,  
2.20.2; last 3, 33.2.

Brown Mouse, 1 mile, 37, 1.15, 1.47,  
2.18; last 3, 31.

Tittlemouse, 1½, 45, 1.21, 1.57.3, 2.32.3,  
3.04.1; last 3, 31.4.

Formosa Chief, 1 mile, 35, 1.09, 1.41.3,  
2.13.4; last 3, 32.8.

Eskay Chief, 1 mile, 37, 1.12.2, 1.48.2,  
2.18.3; last 3, 32.

Russian Chief, 1 mile, 38.2, 1.18.3,  
1.47.4; last 3, 34.1.

Golofina Chief, 1½, 39, —, 1.51, 2.27.1,  
3.00; last 3, 32.4.

Machon, 1 mile, 39, 1.14, 1.16.1,  
1.44.1; last 3, 36.

Bess and Black Prince (T), 1 mile, 37,  
1.11, 1.45.3, 2.21.4; last 3, 36.1.

Victory Duhla, 1 mile, 39, 1.15, 1.40.4,  
2.21; last 3, 31.1.

ONWARD Duhla, 1 mile last 3, 37.3,  
1.13.2, 1.44.4; last 3, 31.2.  
SILVER STREAK, 1 mile, 38, 1.14.4, 1.50.2,  
2.23; last 3, 33.3.  
STAR OF DOON, 1 mile, 30, 1.11.3, 1.45.1,  
2.21.2; last 3, 35.1.  
JACOBITE, 1 mile, 37.2, 1.13, 1.51, 2.24;  
last 3, 33.  
HEROLMI, 1 mile, 36.2, 1.13.2, 1.47.1,  
2.18.2; last 3, 31.1.  
SINCIA, 1 mile, 35.2, 1.08.2, 1.40.3,  
2.15; last 3, 34.2.  
HASE, 1 mile, 35, 1.07, 1.40.4; last 3, 32



## TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

## SCARCITY IN HOLLAND.

## GROCERS' SHOPS AND COAL CARS PLUNDERED.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 6. There was a "hunger demonstration" here yesterday.

There is a great scarcity of coal, and a big demonstration against the food shortage took place at Rotterdam yesterday. Grocers' shops and coal carts were plundered.

## STATEMENT BY THE DUTCH PREMIER.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 6. Speaking in the Second Chamber, the Premier said: "The serious events occupy the Government's attention. I will give information as soon as it is expedient in the country's interest. There is no reason for special anxiety."

## HOLLAND DEMANDS EXPLANATIONS FROM GERMANY.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 6. Holland has demanded explanations from Germany concerning the sinking of the *Gemma*.

## SPAIN'S REPLY.

LONDON, Feb. 6. It is stated that Spain's Note to the Central Powers is even more emphatic than America's.

## COUNT BERNSTORFF.

LONDON, Feb. 6. Reuter learns that Count Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, and party, depart from New York on the 52nd inst.

## NATIONAL SERVICE.

## THE WAY TO SECURE VICTORY IN 1917.

LONDON, Feb. 6. A great National Service meeting has been held at Westminster under the Presidency of Mr. Arthur Henderson M.P. (one of the Labour Members of the Cabinet). He said that victory depended upon speedy mobilisation of all the country's resources.

Mr. Neville Chamberlain, Director of National Service, said that to secure victory in 1917 the young and fit men must be taken for the Army from the essential industries; hence volunteers, "were essential immediately. They would be allotted to occupations for which they were best fitted. The minimum wage would be 25/- a week. The scheme applied to Ireland with modifications.

Mr. Lloyd George stated that we had sent fewer men to the Army and Navy in proportion to our population than any great Western Power; for instance, France had one man out of six in the forces; but we were making a larger contribution otherwise. He was sanguine that voluntary national service would succeed, but if failed compulsion would be applied. The Government would be entitled to ask every class to contribute all their resources to help the State in the fight for its life. The nation must answer the German threat immediately. *Inter alia*, we must build ships, and we must demonstrate the futility of murder on the high seas. This can be done if the nation is organised. No man or woman has a right to look on while others are struggling. (Cheers.)

The Premier paid a tribute to the goodwill and co-operation of the Trade Unions and urged men and women to exert their whole strength to enable Great Britain to lead the nations arrayed in defence of civilisation. (Loud cheers.)

Mr. Hodge, Labour Minister, said everything possible would be done to make Mr. Chamberlain's scheme a success.

## THE ITALIAN FRONT.

## ENEMY SURPRISE ATTACKS.

## FAIL WITH HEAVY LOSSES.

LONDON, Feb. 6. An Italian official report by wireless says: Enemy surprise attacks in the darkness against our advanced positions in the Garda, Trivignolo, and San Pellegrino Valleys of Central Italy, and also at a point south-east of Gorizia, failed with heavy losses.

## THE WESTERN FRONT.

## SUCCESSFUL OPERATIONS BY THE FRENCH.

LONDON, Feb. 6. A French communiqué states:

The enemy after a violent bombardment attacked north-west of the *Forêt de Parroy*, in Lorraine, and a detachment penetrated our first line, but was immediately driven out.

Our reconnaissance after artillery preparation penetrated German trenches at three points in the region of Aspach, north-west of Altkirch. Alsace, wrecked enemy works, destroyed dugouts and returned without loss.

## LATER.

A French communiqué reports lively artillery duels in Belgium in the sector Pussendale Canal.

German organisations in various sectors on the right bank of the Meuse were effectively bombarded.

## SUCCESSFUL BRITISH OPERATIONS.

LONDON, Feb. 6. Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:

We advanced our line in the neighbourhood of Grandcourt, where a thousand yards of trench was occupied without opposition. A further 48 prisoners were taken.

Eastward of Beaumont aircraft bombed an enemy aerodrome, doing considerable damage.

Two British aeroplanes were brought down and two of the enemy's were driven down damaged.

## BRITISH NAVAL AIR-RAIDS.

LONDON, Feb. 6.

Naval aeroplanes attacked Bruges harbour on Friday, bombed torpedo craft and set fire to the dock buildings.

Another successful raid on Saturday bombed the docks and railway lines. All the pilots returned, despite the difficulties of intense cold.

## GERMAN SUBMARINE FIRES ON AMERICAN SHIP.

LONDON, Feb. 6.

An Admiralty communiqué states: The captain of the American steamer *Hestice* reports that on January 31st a submarine ineffectively fired five shots at the ship west of Fastnet.

The submarine commander demanded oil and threatened to sink the ship if he was refused. The Admiralty comments that the German claim to consideration for neutrals is not strengthened by this incident.

## GERMAN SEAPLANE BOMBS DUNKIRK.

LONDON, Feb. 6.

A German official report states that a Naval seaplane on the 3rd inst. bombed Dunkirk harbour works and started a fire in the sheds.

## THE RUSSIAN FRONT.

## ENEMY ATTACKS REPULSED.

LONDON, Feb. 6.

A Russian communiqué states: We repulsed an enemy attack near the town of Risseln, midway between Vladimir-Volynsk and Lutsk; also enemy attempts south-west of Brody.

## MESOPOTAMIA.

## THE RESULT OF SATURDAY'S SUCCESS.

LONDON, Feb. 6.

An official report from Mesopotamia says:

As a result of our success on Saturday the enemy evacuated the whole of the south bank of the Tigris eastward of the Hai-Tigris junction, which we now occupy. The enemy westward of Hai evacuated trenches as far as a line going westward of a liquorice factory north-west of the Tigris-Hai junction.

Already we have counted 800 dead as a result of Saturday's fighting.

## THE ALLEGED ATTEMPT TO MURDER MR. LLOYD GEORGE.

## PRISONERS COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

LONDON, Feb. 6.

The persons accused of conspiracy to murder Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Arthur Henderson, M.P., have been committed for trial at the Derby Assizes, which open to-morrow.

## EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

## AMERICA AND GERMANY.

## "PRINCIPLE NOT EXPEDIENCY."

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.

President Wilson, in the course of a statement regarding seizures, said: "We will not do anything we have not a clear right to do. When we act we will act on principle, not expediency."

President Wilson has issued a proclamation prohibiting American ship-owners transferring vessels to any other sovereignty.

## INTERNING CREWS OF AUSTRIO-GERMAN SHIPS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

The transfer of the crews of the Austro-German ships to the Immigration station has begun.

## SHIPPING FOOD FOR THE ALLIES.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.

Produce prices have advanced sharply. Reports are to hand that the loading of shipping with provisions for the Allies continues as fast as supplies reach the seaboard.

## NO MODIFICATION OF SUBMARINE POLICY.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

In a telegram to the Associated Press from Berlin, dated 4th inst., it is stated positively that the submarine war policy will not be modified. Germany is most keenly disappointed with President Wilson's message.

A Foreign Office representative has called attention to an ancient treaty between the United States and Prussia, guaranteeing the respective nationals nine months' time to close up business and quit the countries in the case of hostilities. He believed that Germany would respect that treaty, and there would be no question of the internment of Americans, numbers of whom were applying for the necessary permission to depart.

## GERMANY PREPARING TO CLIMB DOWN.

## NEGOTIATING WITH NEUTRALS.

LONDON, Feb. 6.

Indications are increasing that Germany is preparing for a climb down. It is reported that negotiations are proceeding with neutrals with a view to further concessions. This is what is going on beneath the surface, and it contrasts strikingly with the world-rattling attitude of the German Press, which announces the rupture in large headlines, and declares that it is no surprise, as it was long expected. Some of the papers give crumbs of comfort, affecting to believe that submarines have now a freer hand, and brazenly maintain that Germany has carried out all her promises to America.

The semi-official *Lehman-Zeitung* warns President Wilson that he is bringing a terrible responsibility on his head; but no threat would terrify Germany. The *Kölnische Zeitung* plainly tells President Wilson that his action would not deter Germany from doing what she likes, since Hindenburg has assured the nation that the military situation enables the people to say—"Damn the consequences of ruthless submarining."

## TURKEY'S GRAND VIZIER RESIGNS.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 6.

The Sultan of Turkey has accepted the Grand Vizier's resignation. His successor will be Talow Bey. The war policy is unchanged.

## THE BRITISH FRONT.

## SUCCESSFUL OPERATIONS.

LONDON, Feb. 6.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, in a communiqué, says:—We repulsed three attempted raids on the Somme front.

The local operation we carried out last night, north-east of Gueudecourt, was entirely successful. We occupied 600 yards of trench and captured 72 prisoners.

We repulsed two counter-attacks and entered the enemy lines last night at three points in the neighbourhood of Bouchevillers, Pys, and Grandcourt.

The enemy made four unsuccessful counter-attacks on our new front east of Beaumont. Our positions are now consolidated, and we have captured 39 more prisoners.

A party which reached our lines on the north-east of Vermelles was ejected. Three German aeroplanes have been destroyed and three driven down damaged. One of our machines is missing.

## FRENCH COUP DE MAIN.

LONDON, Feb. 6.

A French communiqué says:—A *coup de main* on Reichackerpf resulted in the capture of a machine-gun and 16 prisoners.

## THE EXPERIENCE OF THE "CITY OF BIRMINGHAM."

## TORPEDOED WITHOUT WARNING.

LONDON, Feb. 6.

The Admiralty announces that the *City of Birmingham* was torpedoed without warning on November 27th, when 126 miles from land, with a crew of 145, and passengers totalling 170, of whom 90 were women and children.

There was a heavy swell, but the boats were lowered within ten minutes of the explosion.

The Captain remained on board till the vessel sank, and was picked up later.

The women were as calm as if they were going to their meals, and sang when in the boats.

A doctor and three of the crew were presumably drowned.

## GERMAN HUMBUG.

## HOLLAND'S "SATISFACTION."

LONDON, Feb. 6.

A German wireless Press message to-day announces "there is general satisfaction in the Dutch shipping world at the change in the boundary of the barred zone opening a road without danger to Dutch ships." This is described as a new proof that Germany is taking an interest in neutrals' consideration.

## DUTCH VESSEL TORPEDOED.

## WHAT WILL GERMANY DO?

LONDON, Feb. 6.

The Admiralty announces that the Dutch steamship *Gemma* was proceeding from New York to Amsterdam with a cargo of oil cake for the Netherlands Government when a German submarine on Thursday, opened fire with a gun and subsequently sank her with bombs. It will be interesting to learn what distortion of international law Germany will employ in justification.

## "FIRST BLOOD."

## AN ADVANTAGE IN WAR.

At the 50th annual dinner of the Savage Club Sir William Robertson, replying for the Army, said that human nature was the predominant factor in war; it came up against one at every turn—decision and indecision, courage and timidity; cheerfulness and pessimism. As regarded the war, although he quite freely admitted that they might still have a long way to go, he believed they were (cheers)—yet they were getting on as well as could be expected, having regard to the bad start they had had. It was common knowledge that they had been utterly unprepared for this great war, and he thought the best thing was to get on with it. The intelligent who got the upper hand at the start and won first blood gained a very great advantage, and one of which it was exceedingly difficult to deprive him afterwards. That was the history of all wars, and in most cases the man who got the best start kept it to the end. He was certainly not prepared for war, but he was certainly not defeated that he had at the time such a small Army; fortunately, it was very good, but it was very small. That, however, was not the only thing he did think it was the chief defect. They must, therefore, have patience, and be prepared to pay the penalty of their own omissions, and was determined to pay that penalty and to see the thing through. (Cheers.) That was the greatest asset they could possibly have in war, for they could not successfully prosecute war unless they had the proper support. It was a most valuable assistance to the men at the front to know that they had that support. When they were inclined to be a little discouraged let them look at the other side of the picture. (Cheers.) They never dream of giving up, and they were improving in strength and efficiency every day, and its loyalty, fortitude and readiness to make the greatest sacrifices were known to all of them. (Cheers.)

## JAPAN'S HOARD OF GOLD.

The gold hoards on Japan's account are one more increasing, according to the report of the Finance Department, published at Tokyo last week. On January 26, the total value of the metal held stood at ¥711,000,000 as compared with the previous report published 10 days earlier. This gain is solely due to the inflation of the Bank of Japan's holdings in Japan.

The Government's holdings are estimated at ¥260,000,000, while the hoards on the account of the Bank of Japan are ¥451,000,000. Of the total ¥225,000,000, only is kept at home and the balance of ¥456,000,000 is kept at London and New York.

## DANTON OF OUR TIMES.

## "T.P.'S" PEN PICTURE OF MR. LLOYD GEORGE.

Mr. T. P. O'Connor, M.P., contributes a striking impression of Mr. Lloyd George to the *Paris Journal*. He made the Premier's acquaintance within a few days of his first election to the House of Commons, twenty-six years ago. But Mr. O'Connor adds: His appearance and manner at the time did not make much impression on me or upon anybody else outside his own country of Wales. He is rather small of stature, and his figure was then slight and boyish; the face thin, unlined, fresh, with small mutton-chop whiskers; might have been that of an industrious young clerk; the pleasant smile and the pleasant manner revealed none of the iron resolution and fiery soul. To-day I see changes as remarkable in the physical as in the intellectual growth of the man. The iron-grey hair, the lined cheeks, the forehead that seems to have grown broader, the jaw which seems to have grown harder and bigger, the glittering and resolute challenging eyes, all proclaim a strong and commanding temperament; a Danton without Danton's ugliness; a Danton in a miniature and not a robust scale.

It is natural to think of the men of the French Revolution when thinking of Lloyd George; for he often thinks of the French Revolution himself—not of course, in its more sanguinary and criminal stages, but as a great revolt against the oppression of centuries—as the biggest, not so far as it was a war against religion, for in religion Lloyd George is a mystic and not in the least materialistic—but as the greatest revolt in history against oppression—the biggest fight for what he is fond of calling "the underdog." I have often heard him say that he would have liked to have lived in those times. "Even if you ended on the guillotine?" I asked him. "It would be worth it for three years high living in such a time," was his immediate and honest answer.

## A DARING SOUL.

You must first then think of this man, who is now at the head of the British Empire, as a daring soul which finds its proper atmosphere in the earthquake and cyclone. Danger, tumult, high stakes of life and death, dangers appalling to weaker men, this is the atmosphere in which he breathes freely. Well as I know him, I heard with something like terror that during all the terrible day when the Ministry was breaking up and the moment was coming when Lloyd George had to face the indescribable risks of creating a new Ministry and shouldering all the overwhelming responsibility of carrying on the war to a victorious conclusion, he was in high spirits, smiling readily with his frequent flashes of humour, betraying not the least sign of even nervousness before the risk which lay before him. His interview with the Labour members—many of them deadly enemies and irreconcilable—was a masterpiece of conciliatory tact, a mixture of pathetic appeal and of almost roasting humour that he swept them off their feet. "A Cabinet of twenty-three—as everybody knows that was the number of the last Cabinet—was a Cabinet of twenty-three; it is not a Cabinet," said Lloyd George. "It is a Duma," and the whole gathering of the Labour leaders burst into a shout of laughter; and his course was clear after that; the majority of them could not refuse to follow him.

His life has been passed in the conflicts of the platform and the House of Commons; and at intervals in the private room of the lawyer fighting for a client—now and then a deadly struggle for his honour, reputation and property—and he was as wonderful in such petty struggles as he was in the larger field of political contest; his life has been spent, I think, in the struggles of peace and yet Lloyd George has had adventures almost as perilous as those of the soldier in the trenches. He tried when he was two years of age to blockade his father's ruined home against the bailiffs and the auctioneer; he was a schoolboy he created a mutiny in the school of the Anglican Church in Wales—like most Welshmen he hated the Established Church, and was never satisfied till he had pulled down Establishment; and he organised a strike of the Russian Xibists and the English suffragettes against the great authorities of Church and State—the local vicar and the local squire—the local Olympian gods to this poverty-stricken orphan boy, living with a shoemaker uncle and almost half-starved. He went down to Birmingham during the Boer War and faced a mob of a hundred thousand Jingoists thirsting for his blood, and escaped only by dressing himself as a policeman; he has insisted on climbing dangerous mountains, by himself on his Continental travels; I have seen him insist on running in a car at sixty miles an hour and in the darkness over perilous Swiss passes. If ever a man had Napoleon's élan in the morning courage, it is this man.

## PREPARING HIS PLAN OF BATTLE.

He is often slow in resolving on a course, for though of iron, he has the nerves of the Celt, and during that period he gives a description of his trouble, which reads like a analysis of his feelings when he was preparing his plan of battle; like Napoleon when his plan was thought out, a great calm comes on Lloyd George when he has settled his course; he never thinks of changing it; not in face of innumerable hosts, not in face of threatened death.

And here comes the contradiction: essentially Celtic; this man of iron purpose is flexible when he has got to the point of negotiation; his face is good-humoured, smiling, friendly at almost every hour—until he sees that negotiation is hopeless; then there comes a glitter in the eyes, a frown on the broad forehead, a hoarse note in the voice; and the jaw becomes like iron; you have got from the smooth dusty surface to the hard, impenetrable rock below.

## DON'T RISK PNEUMONIA.

GET rid of every cold as quickly as possible. It is the forerunner of all pulmonary trouble, and pneumonia may develop in a few hours. Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is a simple thing to do, but the effect is marvellous. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

## HARPER'S BALSAMIC COUGH LINCTUS.

The mild and soothing influence which this preparation has places it among the most valuable of its kind, in cases of Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Shortness of Breathing, or Difficulty of Expectoration; and while it removes the accumulation of phlegm, from its Tonic and Astringent virtues it prevents its formation, and allays irritation of the membranes of the throat and chest, rendering those delicate parts less susceptible of future irritation and disease.

DOSE.—From ten drops to one tea-spoonful according to age and circumstances, to be taken three or four times a day, or when the Cough is troublesome.

PRICE \$1.00 AND \$1.50 PER BOTTLE.

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HONGKONG.

Could there be a man more fitted for the leadership of a great war? His courage will never fail; his resolution is as immutable as a law of nature; his tenacity is like a tiger's; his sense of duty is as strong as iron. And at the same time, he will watch with the astute and trained observation of an old Parliamentarian every eddy and current of popular feeling and parliamentary intrigue; he will be ready to pounce upon the envious personal enemy or on the pacifist if such a thing were possible; it is impossible—he would face an exasperated mob that resented some of the tremendous interferences with England's historic individual love of personal liberties.

Finally, I should say that no nation ought to have Lloyd George for a leader. France for Lloyd George loves France like a Frenchman, and never so ardently, so passionately, as since this war. He is never tired of talking, not merely of the bravery of her soldiers, but of her splendid organisation of all her natural resources—her factories organised, her men and women workers organised; he has spoken with admiration of her ruthlessness of purpose. "France has been the greatest among the Allies," I have heard him say, over and over again.

## THE ORDEAL OF EMPIRE.

"The Ordeal of Empire" was the subject of an address delivered before the Royal Colonial Institute by Sir Walter Raleigh, Professor of English Literature at Oxford University. The war, he said, was not the result of the few days of fruitless negotiation that preceded the formal declaration of hostilities, but was like the bursting through of a flood that had been dammed for years and growing in volume every year. "The real ordeal of Empire would come after the war was over, when the work to be done would be almost more important than the terms of peace. The cause for which we were fighting would not, he hoped and believed, be lost in the war, but it certainly would have to be won in peace. (Cheers.)

The Earl of Selborne, who presided, congratulated the lecturer upon one of the most brilliant contributions that had been made to the study of the war. "You never know what a white man really is until you see him alone north of the Amazon." Of all those multitudes of men who had come voluntarily into this country from overseas to take their part in this war, the men who took led him particularly were those who appealed to him from the north of the Amazon. They numbered many thousands in the aggregate, but they came so far from home, from Central and South America, from the distant Pacific, from Alaska and the

Arctic Circle, from Central Africa, and the island towns of China and the East, and probably not one of them could say why he came. They came just because they were drawn hither and were in themselves perhaps the most sublime example afforded in this war of the Englishman's absence of pose, of imagination, of self-consciousness, and of the influence of the instinct within them that a world under German domination would be an intolerable place to live in. (Cheers.)

Speeches were also made by Sir Joseph Ward, Dr. Parkin, Sir Hugh Clifford (Governor of Gold Coast Colony), Viscount Hylton, Mr. E. W. Young (Agent General for South Australia), and Mr. Perkins Bull, K.C. (Canada).

## HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

INSPECTION, SATURDAY, FEB. 10TH. The attention of all ranks is particularly drawn to Orders of February 6th/7th.

All exemptions, except those of the Surgeon Staff, only, will be disregarded, unless granted under Standing Order 87 (a).

## POLICE SCHOOLS.

Monday, February 12th—Class III. (Inspector Grant). Tuesday, February 13th—Class I. (Inspector Gerrard). Thursday, February 15th—Class II. (Inspector Gordon).

## STENOGRAPHY.

P.O. 719 N. L. Watson is invalided out.

## MEDICAL CERTIFICATES.

The following is to be inserted in Standing Orders, page 40—99 (d). All Sick Leave Certificates, whether granted under Standing Order 84 (a) to cover absence from Patrol Duty, or under Standing Order 89 to cover general absence are to be immediately communicated to the absentee's Warning Officer.

(Sgd.) F. O. JENKIN, D.S.P. (R.).

## TICKLING IN THE THROAT.

EVERY one who has experienced the tickling in the throat may be the forerunner of a dangerous illness. Stop it at once with Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.



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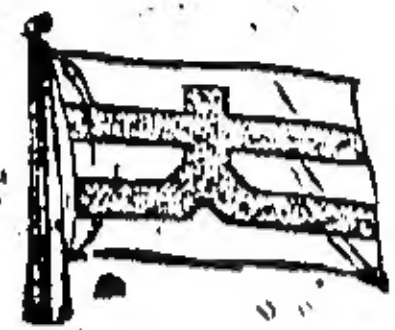
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**North American Line.** For VICTORIA, SEATTLE AND TACOMA via SHANGHAI, MANILA, NAGASAKI, MOJI, Kobe and YOKOHAMA. (TRANS PACIFIC).  
"PANAMA MARU" Monday, 19th Feb., at 3 p.m.  
"MANILA MARU" Thursday, 15th Mar., at 5 p.m.

**FORMOSAN LINE.**—For Tamsui, Keelung, Atsue and Takao, via Swatow and Amoy.  
"KALUO MARU" Sunday, 11th Feb., at 10 a.m.  
"SOSHU MARU" Thursday, 15th Feb., at 8 a.m.  
\* Omitting Tamsui and Keelung.  
\* Calling at Tamsui, Keelung via Swatow and Amoy.

These Formosan Liners will arrive at and depart from the SOON YIP WHARF, near the Harbour Office, and while the steamer is alongside the wharf Telephone No. 76 will be fixed.

**SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.**—Every three months steamers proceed to Rio de Janeiro, Santos and Buenos Aires, via Singapore, Mauritius, Durban and Cape Town.

**AUSTRALIAN LINE.**—Monthly service between Japan and Adelaide, calling at Auckland, N.Z., Sydney and Melbourne.

**BOMBAY LINE.**—Fortnightly service for Bombay calling at Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang and Colombo. \* At present this line's steamers take cargo only.

**JAVA LINE.**—Monthly service for Java ports calling at Manila, Sandakan and Macassar. \* Booking for passengers and cargo to these ports.

FOR SAILING DATES AND FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY AT THE OFFICE.

H. YAMAUCHI, Manager.

TEL. Nos. 744 & 745 No. 1, Queen's Building.

## THE EASTERN &amp; AUSTRALIAN STEAMSHIP CO. LIMITED.

## MAIL SERVICE TO AUSTRALIA.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.

STEAMERS	ARRIVE HONGKONG FROM AUSTRALIA	LEAVE HONGKONG FOR AUSTRALIA

THE Steamers are fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of ice, Fresh Provisions, etc., and are lighted throughout with Electricity. All Steamer Rooms have Electric Fans. A duly qualified Doctor and Stewards are carried. All Steamer Fitted with Wireless Telegraphy.

For dates of arrival and departure and all further particulars, apply to GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO. Agents.

## HONGKONG—NEW YORK.

REGULAR SAILINGS for BOSTON & NEW YORK via PORTS and SUZ and PANAMA CANALS.

(With liberty to call at the Malabar Coast.)

For Freight & further particulars, apply to

DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

## NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

TAKING Cargo on through Bills of Lading to SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS with transhipment at CALCUTTA, in conjunction with the

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

AND APCAR LINE

Sailings from Hongkong

Steamer from Hongkong	on or about	Connecting at Calcutta with	On or about
A steamer	Shortly		

For freight and further particulars apply to DODWELL & CO. LTD. Agents

## THE NANYO YUSEN KAISHA (SOUTH SEA MAIL S. S. CO.)

Regular Service of Steamers between Japan, Hongkong, Singapore, Batavia, Samarang and Sourabaya

Sails on or about

S.S. BANRI MARU, For Moji, Kobe & Yokohama 8th Feb.  
S.S. HOKURIO MARU, For Moji, Kobe & Yokohama 26th Feb.  
S.S. HOKURIO MARU, For Moji, Kobe & Yokohama 19th March.  
For Sailing dates, Freight or Passage apply to

DODWELL & CO. LTD. Agents

## SHIPPING

## C. N. C. CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO	SAIL
SHANGHAI	SHANGHAI	WANTUNG	Feb. 8, at 4 p.m.
NINGPO & SHANGHAI	WANTUNG	Feb. 8, at 4 p.m.	
SHANGHAI	WANTUNG	Feb. 11, Daylight	
PAKHOI & HAIPHONG	SUNGKIAN	Feb. 13, at 10 a.m.	
SHANGHAI	CHENAI	Feb. 13, at 4 p.m.	
MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO	CHENAI	Feb. 14, at Noon	
SHANGHAI	SEIKING	Feb. 15, at 4 p.m.	
MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO	TAMING	Feb. 21, at Noon	

DIRECT SAILINGS TO WEST RIVER—Twice Weekly.  
S.S. "LINTAN" and S.S. "SANUI".

Excellent Saloon accommodation and ships. Electric Fans fitted. Extra state-rooms on deck, aft on "Taming" and "Tan".

SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGERS, MAILS & CARGO.  
S.S. "Anhui", "Chenai", "Luchow", "Sungkian" and "Sinking", with excellent accommodation, Electric Light and Fans in Saloon and State-rooms maintain a regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai, leaving Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, AGENTS

## INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

FOR	STEAMERS	TO	SAIL
HAIPHONG	TASSANG	THURSDAY, Feb. 8, at 7 a.m.	
SHANGHAI, KOBE & MOJI	KUTSANG	FRIDAY, Feb. 9, Daylight	
MANILA	LOONGSANG	SATURDAY, Feb. 10, at 3 p.m.	
SHANGHAI	KWONGSANG	SUNDAY, Feb. 11, Daylight	
HAIPHONG	LOONGSANG	SUNDAY, Feb. 11, at 7 a.m.	
MANILA	YUEVSANG	SATURDAY, Feb. 17, at 3 p.m.	

CALCUTTA LINE—Three sailings per month from Hongkong to Calcutta calling at Singapore and Penang.

Returning from Calcutta steamers proceed to Kobe and Moji, frequently calling at Shanghai.

These steamers have excellent passenger accommodation, are fitted with electric light and carry a fully qualified Surgeon.

SHANGHAI LINE—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton and Shanghai, sometimes calling at Swatow.

Steamers on this line have a limited amount of passenger accommodation, and through tickets can be obtained for Northern and Yangtze Ports via Shanghai. Through Bills of Lading are issued to all Northern and Yangtze Ports.

MANILA LINE—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with good passenger accommodation, sailings from both ports every Saturday.

HAIPHONG LINE—Sailings approximately weekly for passengers and cargo, calling at Haiphong when inducement offers.

BORNEO LINE—Two sailings per month between Hongkong and Sandakan by steamers having up-to-date accommodation for passengers.

Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading for Kudat, Jesselton, Labuan, Tawau and Lahad Dato.

TIENTSIN LINE—A regular service is run from March to October between Hongkong and Tientsin, calling at Weihaiwei and Chefoo.

Under Straits Government Passport Regulations. All European Passengers, leaving the Colony for Straits settlement, are required to produce on arrival at destination passports with their Photographs and description affixed thereto.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers.

TEL. No. 215.

## BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

NEW SERVICE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN

YOKOHAMA, KOBE, HONGKONG & RANGOON.

Steamers are dispatched EASTWARD and WESTWARD at regular intervals taking Passengers and Cargo at Current Rates.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., Agents.

TELEPHONE No. 215.



## THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY.

OWNERS OF THE "SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR SAILINGS TO AND FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM

AND INTERMEDIATE PORTS

PLEASE APPLY TO

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd. AGENTS

TEL. No. 215, Sub. Ex. 10.

## BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD.

## APCAR LINE.

REGULAR SERVICE BETWEEN

CALCUTTA, STRAITS, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI AND JAPAN PORTS.

EASTWARD.

WESTWARD

The above Steamers have excellent saloon accommodation for passengers and are fitted with all modern conveniences and carry a duly qualified surgeon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

DAVID SASSOON & CO. LTD. AGENTS

## SHIPPING

## DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

REGULAR SERVICE of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good Accommodation for First Class Passengers. Electric Light and Fans in Staterooms and Saloons. Excellent Cuisine.

## SWATOW, AMOY &amp; FOOCOW AND RETURN.

(Occupying 9 to 15 Days)

STEAMSHIP	CAPTAIN	LEAVING
HAIPHONG	Capt. J. W. Evans	THURSDAY, 8th Feb. at 3 p.m.
HAITAN	Capt. A. E. Hodgins	TUESDAY, 13th Feb. at 11 a.m.

## SWATOW

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier).

For Freight and Passage apply to—

DOUGLAS LAPRAKE & Co., General Managers.



## TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

SAN FRANCISCO LINE.

via SHANGHAI, the INLAND SEA, JAPAN & HONOLULU. Sailing from Hongkong—Subject to change without notice.

Steamer	Tons & Speed	Leave Hongkong
KOREA MARU	15,000-18 knots	Sat. 10th Feb.
SIBERIA MARU	14,000-18 knots	Mon. 26th Feb.
TENYO MARU	22,000-21 knots	Tues. 6th Mar.
NIIPPON MARU	11,000-15 knots	Sat. 24th Mar.
SHINYO MARU	22,000-21 knots	Mon. 2nd April
PERSIA MARU	9,000-14 knots	Mon. 16th April

First Class to London G\$345. (271-100) Return G\$809. (2125)  
" " " " San Francisco G\$250. " " G\$437.50.

SPECIAL RATES given to Naval and Military, Civil Servants, Missionaries, etc. ROUND THE WORLD tickets issued in connection with all the principal Mail Lines and the Trans-Siberian Railway.

Passengers may travel by Railway between Ports of Call in Japan free of charge.

## SOUTH AMERICA LINE.

For Japan Ports, Honolulu, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Salina Cruz, Balboa, Callao, Arica, Iquique and Valparaiso, Thence by Trans Andean Route to Buenos Aires, etc.

Steamer.

For full particulars as to Passage and Freight apply to

T. DAIGO AGENT.

Telephone 391 KING'S BUILDING (Opposite Blake Pier).



## NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

(THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION.	STEAMERS.	SAILING DATE.
	Displacement	
VICTORIA, B.C. & SEATTLE Via SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE, NAGOYA AND YOKOHAMA .....	AWA MARU, Capt. Hayashi, Tons 14,500	WEDNESDAY, 7th Feb. at Noon.
	YOKOHAMA MARU, Capt. Terada, Tons 12,500	WEDNESDAY, 14th Feb. at Noon.
NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA .....	TANGO MARU, Capt. Soyeda, Tons 13,500	SATURDAY, 10th Feb. at 10 a.m.
	IYO MARU, Capt. Takano, Tons 12,500	WEDNESDAY, 7th Feb. at 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA .....	MIZAKI MARU, Capt. Terazaki, Tons 16,000	MONDAY, 12th Feb. at 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI, MOJI & KOBE	TENSHIN MARU, Capt. Shirai, Tons 8,000	WEDNESDAY, 14th Feb.

LONDON via SINGAPORE, MALACCA, PENANG, COLOMBO, DELAGOA BAY, CAPE TOWN and TENERIFE.

SYDNEY and MELBOURNE via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE and BRISBANE.

CALCUTTA via SINGAPORE, PENANG & RANGOON.

BOMBAY via SINGAPORE, MALACCA AND COLOMBO.

For dates of departure and further information apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, E. MCRI, Manager.

Telephone Nos. 225 & 232

## EASTBOUND NEW YORK LINE via PANAMA CANAL.

(CARGO ONLY).

NEW YORK via MANILA, SAN FRANCISCO, PANAMA AND COLON.

For dates of departure and further information apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, E. MCRI, Manager.

Telephone Nos. 225 & 232

## INTIMATIONS

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.

IN WHICH ARE VESTED THE ASSETS OF THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD., and

THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE CO.

TOTAL FUNDS at 31st December, 1914, £33,970,567.

—Authorized Capital £6,000,000  
—Subscribed Capital £4,900,000  
—Paid-up Capital £2,450,000

—Fire Funds £3,637,047  
—Life & Annuity Funds £17,867,880  
—Sinking Fund Account £135,830

£33,970,567

Revenue Fire Branch £2,381,444  
—Life and Annuity £2,141,583

Revenue Marine Department £37,833  
Other Receipts £78,948  
£25,539,222

The Accumulative Funds of the various Branches are separately invested, and by Act of Parliament are set aside to meet the claims under the respective Departments of the Company's Business.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO. Agents.

Every kind of Footwear:

## MADE

TO

## ORDER



CHERRY & CO.,

FREDER STREET, Opposite Hongkong Hotel

Telephone No. 491.

Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

## AGENTS.

LONDON.—WILLIAM SHARPE, 42 (Gravel) Street, E.C. 4. A. G. ADAMS, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

SCOTLAND.—FRED L. SMYTH, 8 North St. David Street, Edinburgh.

PARIS AND EUROPE.—MATTHEW PERES & Co., 18, Rue de la Grange, Bateli, Paris.

NEW YORK.—T. B. BROWN, Ltd., 201 Nassau St., West 4th Street, New York City.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally.—BLACK & BLACK, San Francisco.

POOHOW.—BROWN & Co.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.—GORDON & GORDON, Melbourne and Sydney.

ORILON.—W. M. SMITH & Co., The Associated Colours Co., Colombo.

SINGAPORE, STRAITS, &c.—KEENE & WILSON, Ltd., Singapore.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.—A. S. WATSON & Co., Manila.

SHANGHAI.—Messrs. KELLY & WILSON, Ltd.

JAPAN.—Messrs. KELLY & WILSON, Ltd., Kobe and Yokohama.

CANTON.—PATRICK & Co.

THE CHINA MAIL, LTD. Wyndham Street, Hongkong.

THE CHINA MAIL.

Can be obtained at the following

Places in Hongkong—

The Hongkong Hotel.

The Hongkong Ferry Wharf.

The Kowloon Ferry Wharf.

The Upper Peak Tram Station.

The Lower Peak Tram Station.

We Cheong (D'Agular Street).

Hong Chong (Kowloon).

etc. etc. etc.







## To-day's Advertisements

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction (for account of the concerned),

## TUESDAY,

the 13th February, 1917, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of, Los Horns Street,  
A LARGE QUANTITY OF  
VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND  
BLACKWOOD FURNITURE,  
As follows—

One Upholstered Suite, Arm-chairs and Sofa, Card Table, Bedroom Furniture, comprising Double-Brass-mounted Bedstead, Twin Bedsteads (Teakwood), Sideboards, Dinner Waggon, Extension Dining Tables and Chairs, Tea and Occasional Tables, etc., etc., Dinner Services, Cruet-set, Glass Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, Toilet Set, etc., Bath Room Utensils, Roll-top Desk and Writing Table, etc., Sundry Electro Plated Ware.

Made in good condition, Electric Reading Lamp, Blackwood and Teakwood Screens, a quantity of Blackwood Furniture, Pictures, Engravings, etc.

Also  
Tennis Rackets and Netting, etc., etc.  
Brass Finger Bowls, Carpets (New and second hand), Child's Cots, etc.  
(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)  
Terms—Cash.

HUGHES &amp; HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Feb. 7, 1917. 1472

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction (for account of the concerned),

## TUESDAY,

the 13th February, 1917, at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of, Los Horns Street,  
One Columbia Gramophone "De Luxe" with Regina attachment, Tone Discs, and Records  
Also  
A number of Books on Gardening, including "The Garden of Italy in two Vols." by Charles Latham.  
"Gardens Old and New" by John Langland.  
"The Century Book of Gardening" by E. F. Cook.  
"The Book of Gardening Management" by E. F. Cook.  
Terms—Cash.

HUGHES &amp; HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Feb. 7, 1917. 1475

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction (for account of the concerned),

## THURSDAY,

the 15th February, 1917, commencing at 10.30 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of, Los Horns Street,  
A MISCELLANEOUS STOCK,  
Comprising—

Gen's Woolen Singlets and Pants, Shirts, Ties, Socks, etc., about 100 pairs Lady's Boots and Shoes, Bath Robes and Gowns, Counterpane, Blankets, Bath and Face Towels, Toilet Soap, etc., about 20 Doz. Tumblers, Hot or Cold Flasks, etc., Dressing Cases.

About 20 Doz. Lady's Silk Hosiery.  
Terms—Cash.

HUGHES &amp; HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Feb. 7, 1917. 1473

## EXCHANGE.

Hongkong, February 7, 1917.  
On London—  
Bank Wire—2/4  
" On demand—2/4 1/2  
" 30 days sight—2/4 1/2  
" 3 months sight—2/4 1/2  
" 6 months sight—2/4 1/2  
" 9 months sight—2/4 1/2  
" 12 months sight—2/4 1/2  
On Paris—  
On demand—237 1/2  
Credits, 4 months sight—238  
On New York—  
On demand—151  
Credits, 60 days sight—151 1/2  
On Bombay—  
On demand—171 1/2 nom.  
On Calcutta—  
On demand—171 1/2 nom.  
On Singapore—  
On demand—100 1/2  
On Manila—  
On demand—111 1/2  
On Shanghai—  
On demand—111 1/2  
" 30 days sight (private paper)—111 1/2  
On Yokohama—  
On demand—100 1/2  
Gold Leaf, 100 fine (per tael)—43  
Sovereigns (Bank of England)—37 1/2 nom.  
Bar Silver in Hongkong—11 1/2 nom.  
Chinese Copper (per 100)—1 1/2 p.m.  
Chinese Copper (per 100)—1 1/2 p.m.  
Rate of Native Interest—6 1/2 p.m.  
Chinese Sub. Coin—37 1/2 p.m.  
Hongkong S. S. Coin—37 1/2 p.m.

## WE STOCK

Tools—Electric Hand Lamps—Tyro  
Fire Extinguishers—Wire Mosquito Netting  
Blow Lamps—Kerosene Stoves—Canvas Vacht  
Fittings—Typewriters—Dry Batteries  
Accumulators—Oils—Grease—Varnish—Wax.

## ALEX. ROSS &amp; CO.,

Machinery Office.

PHONE 27. 4, DES VAUX ROAD.

## WEEKLY NEWS FOR HOME

## The Overland China Mail

## FULL REPORTS.

## LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

Order before you leave, so that you may receive it while at Home.

Price \$13 per annum, including postage.

CAN BE MAILED FROM THIS OFFICE.

THE CHINA MAIL, Ltd., Wyndham Street.

## TO LET

N. 42 Egin Street  
Apply to—  
PERCY SMITH,  
SETH and FLEMING.

Hongkong, Oct. 31, 1916. 1197

## TO LET.

OFFICES, 2nd Floor, St. George's  
Buildings.  
Apply to—  
SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.

Hongkong, April 7, 1916. 511

## TO LET.

FLATS in "Evo Men" No. 3, The  
Peak, apply Property Office,  
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,  
Hongkong, Sept. 1, 1916. 501

## TO LET.

OFFICES on 1st Floor, No. 2 Queen's  
Road Central, at present in the  
occupation of The China Fire Insurance  
Co., Ltd.

Apply to—

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE Co., Ltd.

Hongkong, April 24, 1916. 50

## TO LET.

OFFICES at 2, Connaught Road.  
HOUSES in Clifton Gardens, Conduit  
Road.

HOUSES in Broadwood and Merion  
Terraces.

HOUSES on Shamone, Canton.

Apply to

THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-

MENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd.

TO LET.

FOUR-ROOMED HOUSES in Garden  
Terrace and Salisbury Avenue,  
Kowloon.  
A FLAT in Humphreys Buildings,  
Kowloon.

TO LET OR FOR SALE.

Kowloon Marine Lot 45 with wharf  
area 58,000 sq. ft. suitable for coal  
storage or erection of godowns.

Apply to—

HUMPHREYS ESTATE & EMINANCE

CO., LTD.

Alexandra Buildings.

Hongkong, Feb. 7, 1917.

HONGKONG REGISTER.

Barometer	20.15	30.10	30.03
Temperature	61	69	63
Humidity	88	87	75
Direction of Wind	W	W	W
Force	4	3	5
Weather			
Rain	0.00	0.00	0.08

Mean spring temperature on the 24th.

T. F. CHATTON, Director.

Hongkong, Observatory, Feb. 7, 1917.

POISONED HANDS  
MASS OF BLEBS

And Eruptions. Itched, Burned.  
Could Not Work or Sleep.

HEALED BY CUTICURA

"I suffered very much from poisoned hands. My hands became one mass of blebs and eruptions which were always watery and discharging. They would itch and burn and I could do no housework of any kind and I could not sleep at night. My hands were bad for two years. I saw Cuticura Soap and Ointment advertised and I bought a box. I bought more Cuticura Soap and Ointment and after two weeks I was completely healed. (Signed) Mrs. Nellie Carlini, 2 Court, 6 House, Crawley St., Shanghai, Aug. 27, 28, 1916.

Sample Each Free by Post  
With 25c. Skin Book. (Soap to cleanse and Ointment to heal.) Address post-card for samples, P. Newberry & Sons, 27, Charterhouse Sq., London. Sold everywhere.

FARES FOR PUBLIC  
VEHICLES.

CHAIRS.

I.—In Victoria with two Bearers.

Quarter hour ..... 10 cents  
Half hour ..... 20  
One hour ..... 35  
Three hours ..... 70  
Six hours ..... 100  
Day (6 a.m. to 8 p.m.) ..... \$1.00  
If the trip is extended beyond Victoria, half fare extra.  
Between the hours of 8.35 p.m. and 6 a.m. the above fares shall be increased by 50 per centum.

II.—Beyond Victoria, with four Bearers.

Hour ..... 0.80 cents  
Three hours ..... 1.00  
Six hours ..... 1.50  
Day (6 a.m. to 8 p.m.) ..... 2.00

III.—In the Hill District.

With 2 Bearers With 4 Bearers  
Quarter hour ..... \$0.15 ..... \$0.30  
Half hour ..... 25 ..... 50  
One hour ..... 35 ..... 70  
Two hours ..... 50 ..... 100  
Three hours ..... 70 ..... 150  
Six hours ..... 1.00 ..... 2.00  
Day (6 a.m. to 8 p.m.) ..... 1.50 ..... 2.50

IV.—In the Island of Hongkong if engaged in Victoria.

Ten minutes ..... 5 cents  
Quarter hour ..... 10  
Half hour ..... 15  
One hour ..... 20  
Every subsequent hour ..... 30  
Note.—If the ricksha be engaged within the City of Victoria, and be discharged outside the Western part of the City of Victoria after 9 p.m., or be discharged to the East of Bay View Police Station on the Eastern side of the City of Victoria after 9 p.m., an extra half fare shall be chargeable.

V.—In Kowloon.

Quarter hour ..... 5 cents  
Half hour ..... 10  
One hour ..... 15  
Every subsequent hour ..... 10

VI.—Taipo Road.

To 4th mile—  
single ..... 75 cents ..... 1 hour  
return ..... 1.50 ..... 2 hours  
Beyond 4th to 6th mile—  
single ..... \$1.20 ..... 1 hour  
return ..... \$2.40 ..... 2 hours  
Beyond 6th to 8th mile—  
single ..... \$1.75 ..... 1 hour  
return ..... \$3.50 ..... 2 hours  
Beyond 8th to 11th mile—  
single ..... \$2.00 ..... 1 hour  
return ..... \$4.00 ..... 2 hours

Fares for journeys beyond the 11th mile to be a matter of previous arrangement in each case.  
The fare here set out to apply to one ricksha with three coolies from Tsing Sha Tsui.

FARES FOR PUBLIC GARRAGES.

I.—Not exceeding per passenger.

From Slaughter House to  
Sailors' Home ..... 64 cents  
From Sailors' Home to  
Government Civil Hos-  
pital ..... 64  
From Government Civil Hos-  
pital to Clock Tower ..... 64  
From Clock Tower to Race  
Course ..... 10  
From Clock Tower to Bay  
View House ..... 15  
From Bay View House to  
Quarry Bay ..... 08

II.—In the City of Victoria.

Quarter hour ..... 10 cents  
Half hour ..... 20  
One hour ..... 35  
Two hours ..... 70  
Three ..... 100  
Four ..... 120  
Five ..... 140  
Six ..... 160  
One day from 6 a.m. to 8 p.m. \$1.25

III.—Beyond Victoria.

One hour ..... 25 cents  
Two hours ..... 45  
Three ..... 70  
Four ..... 95  
Five ..... 120  
Six ..... 145  
One day from 6 a.m. to 8 p.m. \$1.50

If a vehicle is discharged beyond the limits of the City of Victoria half fare

WEATHER REPORT.

On the 7th at 12.15.—No returns from Japan or the Philippines. Pressure has decreased slightly to moderately along the coast from Shanghai to Cape St. James. It has increased slightly over N.E. China.

The anticyclone appears to have moved eastward. Another has formed over N. China.

Moderate to fresh monsoon is indicated along the east coast of China and over the north part of the China Sea.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.08 inch. Total since January 1st, 0.42 inches, against an average of 1.89 inches.

Forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon on the 8th February—  
1.—Hongkong to Cap Rock: N.E. winds, moderate to fresh; cloudy.  
2.—Formosa Channel: N.E. winds, freshening.  
3.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Lanchow: The same as No. 1.  
4.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan: The same as No. 1.

OFFICIAL NIGHTS IN FEBRUARY.

The following table shows the Standard Time at which Official Night ends and begins during the month of Feb., 1917—

Date	Ends	Begin
Feb. 7th, 6.43 a.m.	6.26 p.m.	
" 8th, 6.47 "	6.27 "	
" 9th, 6.47 "	6.27 "	
" 10th, 6.46 "	6.28 "	
" 11th, 6.46 "	6.29 "	
" 12th, 6.44 "	6.29 "	
" 13th, 6.43 "	6.31 "	
" 14th, 6.43 "	6.31 "	
" 15th, 6.42 "	6.31 "	
" 16th, 6.42 "	6.31 "	
" 17th, 6.42 "	6.31 "	
" 18th, 6.41 "	6.31 "	
" 19th, 6.41 "	6.31 "	
" 20th, 6.40 "	6.34 "	
" 21st, 6.39 "	6.35 "	
" 22nd, 6.38 "	6.36 "	
" 23rd, 6.37 "	6.36 "	
" 24th, 6.36 "	6.38 "	
" 25th, 6.36 "	6.38 "	
" 26th, 6.35 "	6.38 "	
" 27th, 6.34 "	6.38 "	
" 28th, 6.34 "	6.38 "	

ROYAL OBSERVATORY  
HONGKONG, DAILY WEATHER  
REPORT.

FEBRUARY 7, 1917.—a.m.

Station	Height	Barometer at Sea Level	Temperature	Humidity	Direction	Force	Wind
W. Post Office	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Memuro	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Hakodati	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Kobe	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Nagasaki	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Kagoshima	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Oshima	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Naha	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Ishijima	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Bonin Islands	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Choshi	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Weihsien	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Hankow	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Ichang	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Kiukiang	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Changsha	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Shanghai	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Tientsin	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Peking	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Amoy	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Singapore	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Penang	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Calcutta	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Bombay	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Madras	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Canton	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Hongkong	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Cap Rock	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Macao	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Whampoa	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Paikoi	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Hobson	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Phallan	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Towans	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
U.S. James	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Aperti	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Dequay	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Manila	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Legaspi	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Trinidad	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Halle	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Santiago	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0
Labuan	54	30.29	15	75	W	5	0

T. F. CHATTON, Director.

Hongkong Observatory, Feb. 7, 1917.  
1. BAROMETER, reduced to 32 degrees Fahrenheit, on the level of the sea in inches, tenths and hundredths.

2. TEMPERATURE, in the shade, in degrees Fahrenheit.

3. HUMIDITY, in percentage of saturation, the humidity of air saturated with moisture being 100.

4. DIRECTION OF WIND, to two points.

5. FORCE OF WIND, according to Beaufort Scale.

6. STATE OF WEATHER, b. blue sky, c. detached cloud, d. drizzling rain, f. fog, g. gloomy, h. hail, i. lightning, o. overcast, p. passing showers, q. squal, r. rain, s. snow, t. thunder, v. visibility, w. dew (wet), d. drizzle.

extra is to be allowed for the return journey.

17.—In Kowloon.

Quarter hour ..... 10 cents  
Half hour ..... 20  
One hour ..... 35  
Two hours ..... 70  
Three ..... 100  
Four ..... 120  
Five ..... 140  
Six ..... 160  
One day from 6 a.m. to 8 p.m. \$1.25

18.—Beyond Victoria.

One hour ..... 25 cents  
Two hours ..... 45  
Three ..... 70  
Four ..... 95  
Five ..... 120  
Six ..... 145  
One day from 6 a.m. to 8 p.m. \$1.50

If a vehicle is discharged beyond the limits of the City of Victoria half fare

SHARE REPORT.

FEBRUARY 7TH, 1917.

Stock and paid up Value.	Quotations 11.30 A.M.	Last Dividend and date.	Rise based on last year's div.	
<b>BANKS.</b>				
Hongkong & Shanghai	\$125	\$710	Final of 25-8/- making 24-11 for 1916 and bonus of 10/- subject to deduction of income tax	6 1/2 p.
<b>MARINE INSURANCE.</b>				
Canton	50	\$375	\$7 1/2 making \$25-1/2 and interim of \$15 a/c 1916. Final div. of 15/- making 27 1/2 a/c 1916. Interim of \$30 a/c 1916.	6 1/2 p.
North China	25	T. 150		
Union	100	\$500		
Yonghe	80	\$245	Final of \$15 making \$15 for 1914 and int. of \$6 on account 1915	4 1/2 p.
<b>FIRE INSURANCES.</b>				